

Living things and their habitats – KS1 Initial Assessment

Specific Vocabulary & definitions (meanings)		Fact check.	I think I know that
Habitat		What does a habitat provide?	Science
Living			cheins
Adapted		. Where do animals get their energy from?	
Non Living			
micro-habitat			
Food chain			
Producer			
Consumer		State two differences between plants and animals.	
Carnivore			
Herbivore			
Omnivore			grass snail bird



Adapted

Non Living

micro-habitat

Food chain

Producer

Consumer

Carnivore

Herbivore

Omnivore

Living things and their habitats – KS1 Science Knowledge Summary

Specific Vocabulary & definition (meanings)		
Organism	A living thing, including plants and animals.	
Habitat	A place where an organism lives.	
Living	Alive	

Not alive

living things.

Facts to know by the end of the science sequence A habitat must provide everything that an

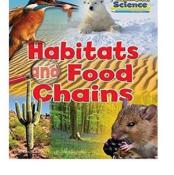
organism will not be able to live there and will die.

Organisms can survive in their habitats because

Interesting Reading

List or pictures of books/texts





sunlight. They need to eat, or consume, other living things in order to stay alive. Animals are also called consumers

Animals cannot make their own food from

organism needs to survive; otherwise the

Plants do not need to eat other living things to

they are adapted to living there.

stay alive. They make their own food from water and air, using energy from sunlight. Plants are also called producers.

At the end of the topic I can:

and how they depend on each other.

other animals. A living thing that can make their own food from water and air, using energy from sunlight

The flow of energy by eating plants or

The features of an organism that allow

A smaller habitat that contains smaller

them to survive in their environment

Animals get their energy by eating plants. Some animals get their energy by eating other animals. We can show this on a diagram called a food chain.

snail

Talk about the difference between living an non living and sat whether something is dead, alive or has never been alive. Identify that most living things live in habitats to which they

A living thing that needs to consume, other living things in order to stay alive. A consumer that only eats other animals.

A consumer that only eats plants.

plants and meat.

A digaram of a food chain

grass

Identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including microhabitats.

are suited and describe how different habitats provide for

the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants,

A consumer that can eat both

Describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and name different sources of food.



Living things and their habitats – KS1Recall Assessment

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Specific Vocabulary & definitions (meanings)		Fact Check	Quiz Time
Organism		What is a habitat?	How are Polar Bears suited to their habitat?
Habitat		How do plants make their food?	
Living			
Adapted		What do animals need in order to make energy?	
Non Living		J,	
micro-habitat			What are the key differences between a sunflower that is alive and a sunflower that is dead?
Food chain			
Producer		Draw a food chain to using the following bird , grass , snail .	
Consumer			
Carnivore			
Herbivore			
Omnivore			theart
			Cinanco